

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 15

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, June 29, 1933



POISON!

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FRUIT TREES, POTATOES AND
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Arsenate of Lime
Paris Green
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FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT
CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOS
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24x1
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At Competitive
Prices

Farmer's Hardware

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Garden Wedding is Pretty College Affair

Sunday afternoon in the picturesque gardens of the Alpha Phi Alpha sorority home a colorful wedding was solemnized when Miss Leola Johnson became the bride of Donald R. Faber of Ashland. The impressive ring ceremony was read by Dr. Grever O. Birch.

The bridal party took its place to the strains of the wedding march of Lohengrin. Dr. Birch entered the garden followed by the groom attended by his brother, Everett Faber, and together they waited at the altar which was a bower of blossoming roses. An arch of ribbons and flowers at one side of the garden served as an entrance for the bride and her attendants.

Sorority sisters of the bride entered the garden through the arch and made a ribbon aisle through which the bridal party passed.

Miss Eleanor Yarnes, bridesmaid, entered first. She wore a gown of Alice blue distinctive with long sleeves and a ruffled sleeve and neckline. She carried an arm bouquet of pink roses, delphinium and sweet peas. She was followed by Donnie and Patsy Faber, as ring bearer and flower girl.

The bride entered on the arm of her uncle, Barkley A. Newman, following the ring bearer and flower girl. She wore a gown of peach colored organza smartly adorned with bits of pastel embroidery. She carried a cascade shower arm bouquet of Tallman roses and old ivory sweet peas. She wore a hat formed by two crossed hands of natural flowers and these held in place a trim of peach colored malles.

Following the wedding march Linda R. Launer of Albany sang "Tillie" and Miss Bernice Rickman sang "At Dawning." Following the ceremony the bridal party left the altar to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march. Miss Ruth Schreiber played both marches.

Ribbon girls included Miss Verita Van Fleet, Miss Frances Snow, Miss Carolyn Schneider, Miss Margaret Morris, Miss Mildred Drager, Miss Lorraine Sheldon, Miss Dorothy McDonald, and Miss Sidney Hamford.

A large reception followed the ceremony. Receiving were Mr. and Mrs. Barkley A. Newman, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Faber, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Faber, Mrs. W. V. Johnson, Miss Eleanor Yarnes, Everett Faber and Donnie and Patsy Faber.

Assisting in serving were Miss Lulu Allen, Miss Dorothy Rose, Miss Lucile Flannery and Miss Edythe Glasier.

Following the reception Mr. and Mrs. Faber left for a visit with H. E. Johnson, father of the bride, at Calgary, Alberta. From there they will go to Chicago to visit the world's fair and then will return to Ashland where Mr. Faber is athletic coach in the school there.

Mrs. Faber has been a prominent member of F. Williams university school life and is a member of Alpha Phi Alpha sorority. Mr. Faber graduated from Williams where he was associated with Alpha Psi Delta fraternity.

Tea Hostess

Mrs. Ray Warren was a tea hostess on Saturday June 24 in honor of Mrs. Martin Sletto's birthday. Those present were: Mrs. Martin Sletto, Mrs. F. (Gottberg) Mrs. Voisey, Mrs. G. Davis, Mrs. Louie Warren, Mrs. E. Ditto, Miss Oscar Hagg, Mrs. Oscar Sletto, Mrs. Art Nelson and Mrs. Tom Sletto.

Welcome Rain Brings Crop Relief

The rain which started Wednesday, has done much to improve crop prospects and provide at least temporary relief to the parched crops. At nine o'clock Thursday morning .45 of an inch of rain has been recorded.

Miss Kay is Honored

A meeting of the Anmity Club which was of special interest, was held at the home of Mrs. J. E. Carlson, on the afternoon of June 28th, when the ladies of the Anmity club and school district, took the opportunity to honor Miss Kay, on the occasion of her approaching marriage, by presenting her with a set of Belgian crystal goblets and sherbet glasses. The presentation was made by the president, Mrs. W. E. Watkins, who in a few well chosen words, expressed the appreciation of the community for the valuable services rendered by Miss Kay during her four years as teacher, and wishes her every happiness in her new life. Besides the gift from the club, Miss Kay received several other valuable and useful gifts from individuals, members and friends. Although completely taken by surprise the recipient suitably expressed her thanks and extended an invitation to all to visit her in her new home. Delicious refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. Chappel of Calgary and Mrs. Harry Higgins.

Golf Champions

In the recent golf tournament A. McCulloch defeated W. A. McIntyre in the finals to win the men's competition. Mrs. W. A. McIntyre defeated Mrs. Heald in the finals of the ladies' competition.

In the second event A. W. Jopling defeated Rev. Dawson.

All games played were close.

Mr. J. G. Harper, director of the Lethbridge Conservatory of Music, has left for Chicago as a delegate to the convention of the American Musicians' Guild of banjoists, mandolinists and guitarists, and while there will attend the Century of Progress exposition.—Leth. Herald.

Mrs. W. A. McIntyre received severe burns to the hands and arms when the gas she was cleaning clothes in ignited. Owing to the rapid assistance of Rev. Dawson, the fire was quickly extinguished, resulting in very little damage to property.

At a meeting held at the residence of J. S. Collins regarding the teaching of Grade XII in the Champion school, nothing definite was decided. A. McCulloch and D. D. Farmer were appointed to further investigate matters.

Mrs. I. Ditto was a tea hostess Saturday when her guests included Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Freeze, Miss R. Campbell, Mrs. Latiff and Mrs. Farries.

Champion Theatre

Wednesday, July 5th

Marlene Dietrich

IN

"Blonde Venus"

Dietrich! The most glamorous star of them all! In a story of the world's most glamorous city! The biggest role she's ever played! How you will like her as the gorgeous stage beauty who takes New York by storm... the idol of millions and millions... who gives up a brilliant career to marry the man she loves... and sacrifices her soul to save his life.

Love made her a fugitive, eluding police, dreading discovery, sinking lower and lower. Her's was a love secret no woman dares to admit—even to herself.

Show at 8.30

Admission 25c

Wednesday, July 5th

Long Louie Cafe

The Best Place in Town to Eat



With the approach of the busy season we are prepared to cater to farmers and others with quick courteous service

--- We Appreciate Your Patronage ---

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

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Champion Trading Co.

SPECIALS

Burns Sausage, per tin..... 20c
Corn Flakes, 3 for..... 25c
Dry Appricots, choice quality, per lb..... 20c
Ontario Cheese, very tasty, per lb..... 18c
Rolled Oats, Quaker China, per pkg..... 30c

We pay highest prices for Sheep Pelts, Wool, Dry Hides and Horsehair.

Mrs. Andy Low and son are the house guests of Mrs. Beaudier this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. I. Baker expect to leave Friday for Edmonton, where they will spend the next month.

Mr. and Mrs. Hagerman of Calgary, are visiting at the home of their daughter, Mrs. R. A. Clements.

Miss Mary Lee of Nanton is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Clements.

Grandmother's Day will be held at the Kirkcaldy W. I. on July 7th. Mrs. Hagerman addressed the W. I. at Lethbridge on Wednesday.

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Champion Lodge
A. F. & A. M.
G. R. A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome.

J. A. LONG G. L. REFUE,
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Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON
In Champion Thursday
Fridays and Saturdays.

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HERBERT J. MABER

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY

VULCAN

At U. S. Alexander's office
every Thursday

K. R. McLean, R.O., of McLean & Anderson, Sight Specialist of 224-8th Ave West, Calgary, will make his monthly visit to Champion, Friday, July 28th at the Drug Store.

Tragedy Follows Buddha Idols

Assigned Letter With Images Says They Possess "Evil Influence"

Two wooden images of Buddha and a stone reproduction of the god have left a trail of disaster in the homes of three London business men who in turn became their owners. None of the three men believes in superstition. Yet in each case they have been the victim of strange ill-fortune.

"Within three days of the idols being placed in the sitting room of his home in south London," said a friend to a London newspaper representative, "the third man was struck down by a severe and little-known malady."

"He is engaged in the insurance business, and is noted for his hard-headedness. He had been warned of the evil influences exerted by the idols, but had laughed at the idea. The first two men who owned the idols for a while had ample evidence of their uncanny power to bring trouble in their train."

"Victim number one is a city man with offices in Bishopsgate. The parcel containing the images of the god arrived at his office from an unknown source. He was on an Atlantic holiday cruise at the time."

"Yet on that day when he was struck down with pneumonia. When he finally reached home his office was burgled—but the still unopened parcel was not touched."

"In the parcel was an unsigned letter, which stated that the idols possessed an 'evil influence,' but no explanation was given why they should be sent to him."

"He consulted a famous medium who said that the idols were Chinese, and belonged to the Ming period. She begged him to rid himself of them by throwing them in deep water."

"A few weeks later he gave them to a friend, having previously told him their history. His friend laughed, but three days later he was taken to hospital, having lost his memory and collapsed in the street."

"Now a third man has paid the penalty of possessing the idols—he was taken to a nursing home—and his wife is terrified lest further disaster shall come to the house, where the idols now are."

Mysterious Old Man

Ontario Motorists Telling Stories Of

Here's another story of the mysterious old man who, when picked up on the road, converses for a while and then disappears mysteriously from the back seat as the car picks along at 30 and 35 miles an hour. A Waterloo, Ont. motorist, wrote it happened. Another at Galt became angry when friends doubled the tale. A Kitchener lawyer now tells the tale.

"He was driving along when he met the old man with the patriarchal beard. The car stopped. The old man got in the back seat."

"Well," the driver said, "times are pretty tough on you, eh?"

"They are," the old man replied. "But the depression's over, mark my words. It ended on June 7."

The driver chuckled. "You seem to know."

"No answer from the rear seat. 'I say,' repeated the driver in a louder tone. 'You seem to know.' Still no reply. The driver looked around. The rear seat was empty."

A Unique Ship

Motorists following the Lincoln Highway through the Allegheny Mountains, east of Pittsburgh, United States, are amazed to find a "steampunk" perched on the side of a mountain at one point where there is a particularly fine view of the surrounding country. The structure is a hotel and restaurant, built in the form of a boat, and stands at an elevation of 2,464 feet. From its deck tourists look into three states and seven countries.

Noted Architect Dead

Frank Worthington, Simon, architect who designed Manitoba's Legislative Buildings, and Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects, died at Mentone, France, May 19. Other famous buildings designed by Mr. Simon include the Edinburgh International Exhibition and the Liverpool Cotton Exchange.

Meat is made up of small fibres about 1,750 to 1,400 of an inch in diameter, and up to about 1½ inches long.

"What would you do if you got a rich wife?"
"Absolutely nothing."

W. N. U. 2000

BRITAIN'S FLYING DAREDEVILS EXECUTE DIFFICULT STUNT



Our press photographer was fortunate to catch this trio of Royal Air Force planes as they shot into the air tied together with cords to perform a series of breath-taking stunts. The daring pilots were putting on their show as part of the Royal Air Force Pageant at Hendon, England.

Strange Tribe Discovered

Unknown Aboriginal Village Found

Two hitherto unknown aboriginal villages, where widows insist on being strangled to death, have been discovered on the island of New Britain.

Patrol Officer H. R. Niall, of the New Guinea police came upon the villages while on an expedition across the island which lies to the east of New Guinea.

"When a villager dies his widow demands death by strangulation in order that her spirit may be freed to join his. Officer Niall says, in a report to the Australian government."

"On some occasions the men, being afraid of consequences, have resorted to strangle a woman," the report continues.

"Then it sometimes happens that the widow takes off her grass skirt and hands it to the men, telling them to put it on and saying that they are only women and not real. This she does to make them feel that she is only a woman."

Consummation of the weird ritual is the duty of the widow's brother or her nephews who wear a native dary cloth around her neck and tighten it until she is choked.

Says Shakespeare Died After Merry Meeting

Diary in Washington Library States Party Was Bard's Finish

William Shakespeare died after a "merry meeting" at which "it seems he drank too hard," according to the manuscript diary of Dr. John Ward who lived at Stratford-on-Avon a few years after the death of the Elizabethan dramatist. Ward's diary is in Folger Memorial Library at Washington. It reads in part:

"I have heard that Mr. Shakespeare was a natural wit, without any art at all, he frequented the plays all his younger time, but in his later days lived at Stratford, and supplied the stage with two plays every year, and for it had an allowance so large, that he spent at the rate of 1,000 a year, as I have heard."

"Shakespeare, Drayton and Ben Jonson had a merry meeting and it seems drank too hard, for Shakespeare died of a fever there contracted."

Balance On Credit Side

Gold Fillings More Than Paid Australia's Dental Bill

A man in Brisbane, Australia, has found in having a mouth that is on the gold standard. He went to a dentist to have some teeth extracted and when he asked for his bill found that he did not owe anything. There was in fact money coming to him. The dentist handed him thirty shillings, which was the balance due him after he had been credited with the gold in the extracted teeth. With gold at its present premium there is money in the fillings of worn-out teeth.

Spends Time On Sea

Frau Amalia Schlegel, who is 92, has made 62 crossings of the North Atlantic Why? To away away the time.

"I am an old woman," she said before embarking for her third voyage, "and I travel alone because I am all alone in this wide, wide world."

Large estates in Scotland are to sell their products direct to consumers.

Employment in Italy is increasing.

Germany's New Rail Bus

To Be Tried Out By Long Island Railroad

The Long Island Railroad, one of the world's biggest carriers of suburban commuters, plans to try out a new type of railbus brought for the Chicago Century of Progress Exposition from Germany. The bus, made by the Austro-Daimler-Pusk Works, is 25.6 feet long, seven feet eight inches wide and eight feet eight inches high. It is propelled by two 50 horsepower motors and develops a top speed of 90 miles an hour.

The car has double control and may be operated from either end. It has a double set of wheels, one of rubber and one of steel, the former being on the inside. It was explained that the rubber wheels carry the weight of the car while the machine itself is directed by the steel wheels just as a locomotive is guided automatically by the rails. The rubber and steel wheels are on distinct axles.

With the car when it arrived was Oskar Fischer, chief engineer of the company which built it, and Josef Mansfelder, chief mechanic. Herr Hacker said six of the buses were now in use in Austria, two in Poland and several are now being shipped to Ecuador. They weigh 20,300 pounds and accommodate 42 passengers.

He said commodity prices should continue to rise, thus increasing employment and wages. He said, by the end of the year wheat will yield the farmer \$1.

Charged with speeding, Aubrey D. Smith carried several tiny toy automobiles into police court, placed them on the barstool table and showed Magistrate J. L. Barnhill just how it happened. He illustrated a situation in which it was necessary for him to speed as protection for himself and other drivers, and was acquitted.

Senator Capper Is Optimistic

Predicts Dollar Wheat For U. S. By End Of Year

Senator Arthur Capper, of Kansas City, looks for dollar wheat by the end of 1933.

Cheerfulness about the future was the keynote of an interview given by the United States Republican senator, a veteran in the fight for removal of farm legislation.

He said commodity prices should continue to rise, thus increasing employment and wages. He said, by the end of the year wheat will yield the farmer \$1.

Crossed Channel On Surf Boat

London Man Towed Across From Dover To Calais

Captain D'Arcy Rutherford, of London, who has crossed the English Channel from Dover to Calais on a surf boat, towed by a speed boat, says he held a low-price which was fastened to a speed boat driven about 15 miles an hour. He reached Calais in an hour and 40 minutes.

The time would have been less, but they hit the wash of a big steamer, and several times Captain Rutherford had to lie flat to avoid being thrown over. The cold was intense, as he was wet through and wore only shorts and a sweater.

"I've just been having a tussle with the dentists."

"Which beat?"

"It ended in a draw."

THE DEPRESSION HITS THE MOVIE PALACE

Box Office

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International Gang Of Spies Operating

Industrial Espionage As Well As Naval And Military

Expionage is no longer merely a matter of one country creating an organization for ferreting out the military and other secrets of its neighbors. French secret service authorities declare.

It is now, in fact, rapidly passing into the hands of a sinister international body with branches in every important center. This syndicate has no national prejudices.

It is organized entirely on commercial lines and makes its business the collection of all information regarding the naval, military and naval defenses and preparations of the different countries.

Its information is at the disposal of any nation willing to pay for it, and it is known that in many cases the usual secret service agents of different countries have found it easier to buy their information from this syndicate.

According to the French authorities the head of the organization is an Englishman, but his lieutenants are men of all nationalities, and a number of women are employed as direct liaisons with the "European powers" are retained in different countries.

A branch concerns itself with industrial espionage, collecting and disseminating information about new industrial processes, and selling this to trade rivals of the firm concerned.

It has been proved conclusively that several suspected spies dealt with by the French secret service were on the assumption that they were employed by this syndicate, and the information they gleaned was passed on to the French secret service. European powers interested in French defense problems.

Parachute Jumper Makes Contribution To Science

Proves Consciousness Not Lost When Falling From Great Height

A parachute jumper in England created a record recently when he deliberately delayed opening his parachute until he had fallen a distance of over four miles. Then he landed quite safe and with all his wits about him.

This was a marvelous achievement, and was performed, not as a sensational "stunt," but as a contribution to science. People sometimes say that because a man fell from a great height he would be dead before he reached the ground, but this demonstration proves that there is almost no limit to the possible height which a human being may attain and fall to the ground fully conscious.

In this experiment the parachutist tumbled over and over, sideways, head first and feet first, at a speed which would have killed him, yet he remained conscious until he opened his life-saver, but kept his head clear and was able to pull the cord to his rescue. moment—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Challenge To The Girls

Preacher Says They Do Not Fit In With Higher Education

The modern girl doesn't fit into the picture of higher education, according to Rev. Neil Herman of Halifax, Nova Scotia, who says the feminine ideal cannot grasp many college subjects.

"You cannot fit the girl of this generation into the picture and have anything else but a puzzle," he declared in a sermon on "Our Latest Puzzles."

"The girl who is called upon to solve the entire puzzle of this study becomes a radical in some form or other," he continued. "Hundreds of thousands of them pass examinations, they study, they swallow half what they read or what they are taught."

Where Women Are Barred

British women are not permitted to hold office in the diplomatic and consular service as ambassadors or consuls, nor may they hold the higher administrative posts in the three Defense Departments on the ground that they are not liable to military service.

Most Important

"You will find that this motor-car is the best argument you could have in proof of your property," said a salesman.

"If that is true," said the prospective purchaser, "what I need to know is, shall I always be able to drive that argument home?"

Canada is the largest exporter of newspaper in the world.

Hostels For Hilvers

Youth hostels are rapidly being opened in Scotland for the benefit of young hikers. They can stay overnight for a nominal sum and prepare breakfast in the morning. In 1931 there were nine hostels. Last year there were ten more and already in 1933 the total has reached thirty-two. In the first year 3,129 "bed-nights" were recorded and last year the total had risen to 22,356, which figure is expected to be far exceeded in the present season.

The French West Indies report

British ships earned \$200,000,000 in the last year.

British ships earned \$200,000,000

in the last year.

Canada is the largest exporter of

newspaper in the world.

Sees World Wheat Surplus And Believes Curtailment Of Production Is Only Solution

In the April issue of Canadian Business, writing under the pen-name of John Marquis as authority on the wheat situation had an article in which, after analyzing the situation as he saw it, he reached the conclusion that no real evidence exists of a world surplus of wheat. In the current issue of this organ of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, John I. McFarland, general manager of the Canadian Co-Operative Producers Limited, makes a spirited reply, in which he questions the basis of this conclusion, puts forth figures to indicate that there is a surplus and argues the need of acreage reduction.

Mr. McFarland states that statistics show that the visible supplies of wheat had commenced to accumulate before the unusually good crop of 1928 and since its disposal they have continued to accumulate. He quotes the International Institute at Rome to the effect that wheat in 1928 was the largest crop since 1862 and that the surplus, he asserts, "becomes a quantity of paramount importance as a price making factor." Based on the present world's acreage and with average crops, he states, "the world's surplus will continue to increase."

Regarding the position of Canada, Mr. McFarland states forth that before the war this country supplied about 13 per cent of the world's international trade in wheat. Since then Canada has increased her acreage greatly. If this country continues its present acreage and reaps average yields per acre, it will appear necessary, says this authority, that Canada must secure very close to 50 per cent of the world's wheat supply. He states that some believe, he inquires, that other countries are going to leave to Canada the privilege of supplying this product.

What is the solution for the conditions described? According to Mr. McFarland, the only major advance in prices is by a world-wide reduction in acreage. In such a manner, he thinks, Canada should be a leader because in the past twenty years she has increased her acreage by a much greater percentage than any other exporting country. He goes on:

"The Laws of Nature of the Acts of Providence might conceivably reduce production on this over-extended acreage, but such reduction can only be of a temporary nature, because after all those laws, over a period of years, will nullify their averages. Therefore, it appears that there is only one way of permanently correcting the unsound condition and that is by the actual reduction in acreage."

Mr. McFarland buttresses his contention with the statement that the United States has met an unusually large quantity of wheat to animals during the last three years—a quantity sufficient for a year's world supply. He points to this as an answer to the people who say there is no over-production and that the problem is only one of underconsumption.

The viewpoint thus set out is the viewpoint of a large element in the West which favors agreement for curtailment of production and control of distribution.

Rail-Bus Is Speedy

The "rail-bus," a new type of vehicle with a 100-horsepower steam engine, has just been placed on the Brighton-Devil's Dyke line of the Southern Railway, of England. It will accommodate 44 passengers, and in test runs has speeded over 60 miles an hour.

The distance from the earth to the most distant known nebula is 900,000,000,000,000,000 miles or about 140,000,000 light years. This is the greatest length ever actually measured.

"What is the best thing to do when suddenly faced by an infuriated bull?" asks a correspondent. About fifteen miles an hour.

W. N. U. 2009

Canadian Mosquitoes

About Sixty Species Of This Pest Found In Canada

There are about sixty species of mosquitoes in Canada, many of which feed on the blood of man. Although the majority of them, particularly the kind known as Aedes, are most troublesome in field and woodland, in certain seasons, as at present, as the result mainly of no-control, they often cause considerable annoyance indoors as well. Their attacks are frequently received at dusk, and in warm, dull, humid weather. In autumn and winter, also, complaints are frequently received of the presence of these "mosquitoes" in cellars and basements. These mosquitoes are the hibernating females of the genera Culex and Anopheles which pass the winter as winged adults in protected situations. Attacks from them are rare. However, in many parts of Eastern Canada, the cosmopolitan house mosquito, known scientifically as Culex Pipiens, is now well established, especially in towns and cities, and in one large city has begun a public nuisance. This species is found not far from dwellings which it enters freely, biting particularly at night. Annual loss in livestock and other cash crops from the Department of Agriculture.

World's Largest Zinc Mine

Sullivan Mine At Kimberley, B.C. Is The Largest Producer

The Sullivan mine at Kimberley, British Columbia, is the world's largest producer of zinc and one of the leading producers of the ores of lead and silver. This mine has produced a grand total of 1,596,103 tons of lead, 1,261,475 tons of zinc, and 55,184,466 ounces of silver since it began to operate in 1900, up to the end of 1932. Last year, 1,441,045 tons of lead-silver ore were milled, as compared with 1,617,470 tons in 1931. The Sullivan is the source of nearly all the annual lead output for Canada, and of over 90 per cent of the zinc production. Since 1925 it has held supremacy in the production of silver.

Fort Steele mining division, in which the Sullivan mine is located, has several other silver-lead and silver-lead-zinc properties, which in past years have made important contributions to the output. Many years ago this district was an important source of placer gold, and interest in the placer prospects are again active, due to the present premium on gold. The Fort Steele area is a variety of non-metallic minerals, such as gypsum and crystalline rock magnesian.

No More Constantinople

City Now Called Istanbul and Is Not Constantinople

The first two things to remember about Constantinople nowadays is that it is not the capital of Turkey and that it is not called Constantinople. The capital is Ankara where the President-dictator, Mustafa Kemal, lives on his estate "Pinehill," and Constantinople is called Istanbul. It is a city with a million inhabitants and about fifty thousand starving dogs, but some time ago they were taken off to a deserted island with no food or water, so that they all ate each other until the survivor died of thirst.

One Great Advantage

School days being once more over there will be many boys and girls with nothing to do and no place to go. Here is where the farm presents advantages over city life. The farm boy or girl can be given some responsibility or some task that will be useful to them and not disadvantageous or costly to the parents. Farm youth do not have to spend their vacation days in idleness—Farmers Advocate.

Used Discretion

When a herd of 30 elephants paid no attention to the furious howling of a locomotive whistle as they leisurely crossed a railway track between Bulawayo and Gwelo, Africa, the engine-driver had to stop his train until they were out of the way.

To utilize surplus sugar, Czechoslovakia is converting it, mixed with bran and other ingredients, into fodder for horses, cattle and pigs.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

By Ruth Rogers



910

GOOD LOOKING HOME WEAR

ARE INSENSIBLY—MAY BE KITCHEN CHORES EASY

Every woman knows she can't have too many home ensembles that will help and help always come up smiling. And today's model is just lovely. The dress is suitable for the house, garden, porch, marketing, etc. And incidentally, it's decided by slimming to the heavier build. The diagonal hip seamming reduces the dress to dark blue and white dainty. The apron is white trim which is used for the dress trim. And isn't the neckline apron attractive? And it won't slip off the shoulders either, for the suspenders or straps are useful besides being modish.

Design No. 910 includes the dress and the apron in sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches. 30-inch material for apron and dress collar.

Prior of pattern 20 cents in stamp or coin (cash is preferred). Wrap carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

After the record hop from Spain



Showing little effects of the strain of their hazardous fight, Captain Mariano Beltran (left) and Lieut. Joaquin Colar, Spanish Army, are shown at Caragay, Cuba, on the completion of their record trip from Seville, Spain, in the plane "Cuatro Vientos" (top). Their route took them over 4,500 miles of ocean.

Distinguished Canadian Artist

Wild Flowers Lived Under Brush Of Late Robert Holmes

Three years ago Robert Holmes, artist, died. Alice Wedderburn, writes of the painter of wild flowers in the "Challenger." "One day in 1859 a young milliner of the Keweenaw Lake district, gave a trimming bonnet with artificial flowers, and settled down to housekeeping with her young husband in Canajoharie, Ontario. She planted seeds and bulbs and her garden became the best in the village. Not much wonder that was Robert's initial love of beauty. It was therefore not so strange that when he drew pictures for the first number of the Art Students' league calendar, he should choose as his subject the back doorway to that house, his mother inside washing dishes, and outside directly in her line of vision, the grapevines, the lilies and peonies massed against the walls."

"Not even remarkable that the lad, brought up with such a background, should finally become Canada's most distinguished painter of flowers, and the greatest painter in America of wild flowers in their native setting."

The freed, loose stripe oisid and Indian pipe, in Holmes' water colors, are never stiff, but, always seem to be growing in the wildland haunts where he found them. He alone seemed to have the power to put this subtle sense of life into what are usually regarded as dead subjects.

He was a student of the Toronto Art Society and of the Royal College of art in London. He chose Canadian wild flowers for his designing class as a peculiarly native Canadian motif on which to base their work. With the words "flowers on his lips he died, and according to his wish he was buried in a little lot beside the woods where he so often wandered as a boy."

Want African Colony

Germany Seeks Room For Expansion And Means To Pay Debts

A memorandum prepared by Dr. Alfred Hugenberg, German minister of economics, for the economic committee of the world conference, said there were two possible ways of increasing Germany's capacity to meet her inter-war debts—first, by giving her an African empire where large public works schemes could be carried through; or, second, by opening other new territories to this people which has not enough space in which to live.

Money From Trees

Australia, strange as it may seem, is teaching its young people that money grows on trees. Under adult guidance, state school children of Victoria have set out 4,000 acres of saplings that will be worth \$3,000,000 on maturity. Profits from the sale of bark and timber will be used to provide scholarships, libraries, radio and sports materials—Christian Science Monitor.

Present Year Marks The Diamond Jubilee Of The Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Price Of High Living

Famed Embassy Club Cut Killed By Rich Food

Jackon the "High Life" cat, the most famous cat in Mayfair, and perhaps in the world, is dead. Felix, the phantom of the movies, he was not a candle to Jackon. He was an aristocrat. Kings paid court to him, but he seldom deigned to notice them.

Jackon was the mascot of the famed Embassy Club in London's Bond Street. He figured in novels, caricatures and innumerable gossip columns.

Now like other martyrs to the cause of High Life, he died of acute indigestion at the comparatively early age of eight. It is impossible to estimate how much smoked salmon, sole gras, leg of chicken and caviare he ate in the eight years he associated with the elite who passed through the portals of the Embassy Club.

Guest after distinguished guest tried to pay court to him with tidbits. Felix turned disdainfully away, but not often enough. It got him in the end.

Lambent green eyes, arched back, all stiff as a ramrod, Jackon walked aloof. In a sudden fancy he would sit on the knee of a millionaire or the lap of a film star, and then no one would move him. Sometimes he would jump through a human hoop formed by a waiter's arms, his only prior trick, but only on rare occasions.

Coral Not A Rock

Every Inch Is Built By Tiny Sea Animals

Corals are not a rock. It is made of skeletons. It is really an animal something like a sea-anemone jelly-like and soft and of olive brown color. It country. These officers and men in what has been called its mouth, and when it has caught its food it floats it through its body in a stream of water, which it continually sucks in. This sea-water contains lime and somehow the coral animal draws lime from the water and uses it to build a tiny platform for it to rest on. Gradually it makes a home for itself out of lime, and in that lives till it dies.

Leaves Nothing To Chance

Electricity Keeps Tab On Crows At Chicago Fair

Electricity keeps Century of Progress officials at Chicago informed as to just what the number of persons inside the grounds is at any time. Turnstiles at the various entrances are equipped with counting and recording devices with a central dial in the comptroller's office. A glance at the dial tells how many persons have entered the grounds, how many left and what entrances and exits were used. The information is used in distribution of guards and change at entrances; to notify transportation companies when there is a rush from the grounds and at what time; and to keep concessionaries informed of the size of the crowds so they will not run out of supplies.

Needs A Pension

Hadji Bey, a Turk, has 42 children—38 boys and five girls. This is believed to be a world record. The Sultan used to give Hadji a yearly bounty, but this has been stopped. Hadji has now applied to Mustapha Kemal Pasha for a pension.

Bit Of A Puzzle

"In glad you're so impressed, dear, by these explanations I've been making about the 'barbaric and comic' remarks of the young husband. 'Yes, darling. It seems wonderful that anybody could show as much as you do about money without having any of it.'"

This year is the diamond jubilee of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, formerly the Royal North West Mounted Police. This famous force was established in 1873, following the squaggy of the western prairies in 1870 by the Dominion of Canada. The several Indian tribes at that time were powerful and prosperous, but were being demoralized by liquor sellers and by tribal warfare of a nature to discourage settlement by white persons. The Force, only 300 strong at the outset, marched in 1874 right across the prairies from the Red River in Manitoba to the Rocky Mountains, the entire march being more than 2,000 miles and through country which in part was then unknown. The Indians were so impressed that a series of treaties were concluded, and the Government was enabled to assume effective control of the Indians.

In addition to discharging police duties and undertaking much executive work, such as guarding against prairie fires in early years, the Force bore an active part; a number of officers and men were sent to the South African War; two squadrons for service in France and Belgium and one in Siberia during the Great War were furnished.

One of the force of 10,000 men of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police is now distributed in the way best suited to perform its many duties. It is found in the international boundary, where it aids in protecting the revenue and preventing the entrance into Canada of undesirable. It is located on or in the vicinity of Indian Reserves to maintain good order, and to aid in the enforcement of laws. It occupies many lonely posts in the North West Territories and the Yukon, and along the Arctic and Hudson Bay Coasts. It is found in centers of population and at any point where there is an indication of trouble arising likely to affect the peace and well-being of the country. These officers and men are the guardians of the law and ministers of justice throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Historical Garden Roses

Origin Of Beautiful Hybrid Perpetuals Resealed In Canada

At the end of the last century the China rose with its habit of continuous bloom was brought to Europe, says the Dominion Horticultural Magazine. The origin of the beautiful perpetual roses in Canada. Before very long, hybrids of the China rose with French and English roses were raised. They were called Hybrid Chinas, but took after their European parents in that they bore early only in the season. These hybrids and the damask rose were then crossed, and Rose du Roi, a damask perpetual, was introduced about 1835. This rose was called perpetual because it had a second blooming season. Six years later Gloire de Rossmore appeared, followed by rapid improvement of this class, and in the fifties such garden favorites as General Jacquemont and Jules Margottin were introduced. In Canada many of the hybrid perpetuals bloom only in the season.

Wrappers And All

The general practice to wrap things in cellophane has its disadvantages. Take the case of the newspaper. It is being wrapped in cellophane at a lunch counter for example:

"Was that sandwich quite fresh the other day?" he asked. "Quite, sir," replied the lunch counter attendant. "Each one is wrapped in transparent, airtight paper."

"Gosh," said the customer. "I wish I'd known that."

Bit Of A Puzzle

"In glad you're so impressed, dear, by these explanations I've been making about the 'barbaric and comic' remarks of the young husband. 'Yes, darling. It seems wonderful that anybody could show as much as you do about money without having any of it.'"

Add Zest to the Meal



"Fresh from the Gardens"

Who Owns Canada?

The question which appears as the heading of this article was included in examination papers recently submitted to pupils in Montreal schools coming under the jurisdiction of the Catholic School Commission of this city. Answers to the question revealed such vague and uncertain knowledge regarding the status of the Dominion that the Commission appealed to the Secretary of State at Ottawa for an authoritative definition of Canada's status within the British Commonwealth of Nations, and among the world of nations.

The answer, given under the signature of Hon. C. H. Cahan, Secretary of State, defines Canada as a self-governing state of the British Commonwealth of Nations. It sets forth that Great Britain does not own Canada, and that more than Canada owns Great Britain; that Canada and Great Britain are each independent members of the British Commonwealth, and that the Dominion belongs to the people of the Dominion.

This answer should set at rest a large amount of uncertainty among Canadians regarding the official status of the land of their birth. It was evident from the answers submitted in the school examinations at Montreal that the subject had not been sufficiently explained by the teachers, and the secretary of the Catholic School Commission has stated that in future more attention will be paid to it. It would be well if this was done, not only in the Catholic schools of Montreal, but in all schools throughout the Dominion.

Canada is today an absolutely free and independent nation,—just as much as any other nation in the world. The King of Canada is George V. He is also King of Great Britain, Emperor of Australia, Emperor of India, and the King of the Dominion of Wales. The King is appointed by the Governor-General, who is appointed by the King on the advice of the Government of Canada. At one time the Governor-General was appointed on the advice of the Government of Great Britain, and to represent the Governor-General, as well as the King, in Canada. But not now—he represents the Crown only, while the British Government is represented in Canada by a Commissioner in the same manner as the United States, France and Japan are represented by Ministers, and Canada is represented in Great Britain by a Commissioner, just as other countries are represented there by Ambassadors and Ministers.

The term and status of "Commissioner" is employed between two Dominions of the British Commonwealth of Nations, which have a common sovereign and such a sovereign does not send an Ambassador or Minister to represent him to himself as he does to represent him to other sovereign nations. The Crown being represented in the person of the Governor-General, the King's several governments are represented the one to the other by Commissioners.

The question may be asked: If Canada is an independent, fully self-governing Dominion of the British Commonwealth of Nations, why does it not enjoy the power to amend its own constitution, and why are appeals taken from decisions of the Supreme Court of Canada to the Privy Council in Great Britain? Other nations, it may be urged, have power to amend their own constitutions, and the Supreme Court are final courts of appeal.

The answer is, that Canada can exercise both these powers whenever the people of Canada desire to do so, and probably the time will come when they will so decide. Up to the present, however, Canada has preferred to retain to itself the right of carrying out judicial appeals to the Imperial Tribunal of the Privy Council, especially in all matters in dispute between the Federal and Provincial Governments. There is no compulsion that it should do so, and it can refrain from so doing, or can abrogate that right should it deem it wise to do so.

So, too, in regard to amendments to the Canadian constitution. The B.N.A. Act created a confederation of Provinces, reserving to the Dominion certain exclusive powers on the one hand and certain other exclusive powers to the Provinces on the other hand, while in regard to some matters jurisdiction was divided between the two authorities. The Provinces, therefore, have as much right as the Dominion itself to say when and how the constitution shall be amended, up to the point where certain of the Provinces have preferred to leave the matter as it was at the time of Confederation, with the British Parliament making such amendments to the constitution of Canada as the Parliament of Canada, with the consent of the Provinces, may request. But Canada can secure final and final control over its own constitution if and when the people so desire.

So, the complete and final answer to the question: "Who Owns Canada?" brings us back to the definition given by the Secretary of State at Ottawa,—the Dominion belongs to the people of the Dominion. They are the masters of their own national destiny. Nobody can tax them but themselves; they pay tribute to no other nation. Canada can make its own treaties with other nations irrespective of the effect such treaties may have upon other Dominions of the British Commonwealth.

But, because the Dominion belongs solely to the people of the Dominion, the great responsibility rests upon them as citizens of a sovereign nation among the nations, to maintain absolute equality in the League of Nations, to govern themselves, and to so conduct their national and international relationships, as to command the respect of and wield a great influence for good in the world. There should be no spirit of a narrow nationalism in Canada; quite the reverse.

Mayors Are Youthful

The new mayor of Detroit is 31 years old and everyone is commenting on the fact that he is extremely youthful to be assuming such a heavy responsibility. We should like to point out that the mayor of Windsor is but "C.N. 403,102, shipped by 33 years old and that he is now well for Pleasantville. Who, has robin's nest under his second term. He was 30 when he took on the job, but further, he had had no aldermanic experience,"—Border Cities Star.

Railway Man Sells

Recently J. P. Fringe, general manager of the transportation Canadian National Railway, received the following wire from A. Mac-responsibility. We should like to point out that the mayor of Windsor is but "C.N. 403,102, shipped by 33 years old and that he is now well for Pleasantville. Who, has robin's nest under his second term. He was 30 when he took on the job, but further, he had had no aldermanic experience,"—Border Cities Star.

The hottest place in the world is Ladakh, an isolated portion of Kashmir, among the Himalayan glaciers. The day temperature at this season often reaches 140 degrees.

Summer Complaint Plays Havoc With the Bowels

Very few people escape an attack of summer complaint. It may be slight or it may be severe, but both the young and the old are liable to it during the summer months. You cannot tell when it strikes you how it is going to end. Let it run for a day or two and you see how weak and miserable it will leave you.

On the first sign of an attack of any looseness of the bowels take a few doses of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. The "Domineering" will see how quickly it will give.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Chemical Products

Depression Does Not Seem To Affect Demand For Toilet Preparations

It is evident from the study of the recently issued preliminary report on the production of chemicals and allied products in Canada in 1932 that the depression has practically no effect on the demand for toilet preparations. In 1928 the selling value of these preparations at the plants where they were made was \$1,618,291. In 1931 the value of the output had risen to \$5,946,222 and in 1932 it was \$5,073,134.

The demand for medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations continues on the upgrade. In 1928 the combined value of these products made in Canada was \$17,221,351 and in 1932 it was \$18,145,573. The high mark of \$19,038,894 being reached in the memorable year of 1929 when for several months prices of every commodity were at their highest point.

The chemical and allied products industry in Canada is a substantial one. Last year the aggregate production had a value of \$55,400,340. It is divided into 14 groups and there are six factories, most of which are in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. The 14 groups are as follows: coal tar distillation; acids, alkalies and other compressed gases; pigments, pigments and varnishes; soaps and washing compounds; medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations; toilet preparations; fertilizers; wood distillation; inks; adhesives; polishes and dressings; flavouring extracts, and miscellaneous chemical products.

Imports into Canada under the classification of chemicals and allied products were valued in 1932 at \$27,750,480, about 52 per cent. of \$52,751,61 was purchased from United States and 17 per cent. or \$4,719,074 from the British Isles. Exports from Canada increased slightly in 1932, the total value being \$11,033,179 as compared with \$10,848,946 in 1931. United States, United Kingdom, Mexico, Portuguese Africa, Newfoundland, Hawaii, Australia, British India, Netherlands, Cuba and China in the order named were the main purchasers of Canadian chemicals and chemical products.

Membership Shows Decrease

Quakers Are Having Contrivance Over Members By Birthright

Membership of the Society of Friends—Quakers—shows a slight decrease in Great Britain during the last 12 months. There are now 29,119 registered members, compared with 31,215 in the peak year of 1916.

The Society of Friends is one of the few religious bodies in which a child is accepted at birth, without either baptism or, at a later date, confirmation or confession of faith. This "birthright membership" has recently been under serious criticism, and it is now possible for Quaker parents to delay the acceptance into membership of their children until the young people are of an age to decide theological matters for themselves.

Last year the society accepted by conviction 219 new members, 47 fewer than in 1931, while 130 individuals have been disowned and expelled. The disassociated. There were registered 69 "birthright" members and 50 minors; but 318 Friends were lost to the society by death.

More Freight Moving

Transportation Situation Shows Signs Of Improvement

The transportation situation in Canada is showing considerable improvement and reflects the increasing confidence of the business community in the future of the country and improving internal and external commerce, said a bulletin issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce, Carleton Place, Ont., ending June 10 numbered 49,842 cars, an increase of nearly 2,000 cars over the preceding week and representing the largest movement of freight in 34 weeks.

"Movement of merchandise freight, representing as it does the shipments from manufacturers to wholesalers and wholesalers to retailers showed a marked improvement," said the bulletin. "Movement of merchandise by railroad has climbed up to nearly three-quarters of normal while that via canal boats in May was approximately double that of the corresponding month last year. Iron ore passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canal was heavier by over 6,000 per cent. and bituminous coal was practically double that of May, 1932."

There is a saying that heaven will protect the poor working girl. "But who will protect the guy she is working?" asks a college wisecracker.

HAD RHEUMATISM FOR 20 YEARS

But None Since 1930

This man must have something like a record for suffering. He says—"Since 1910 up to 1930—that is 20 years—I have been a great sufferer with rheumatism. I am pleased to say that since 1930 up to date I have been free from that dreadful pain, simply by taking Myron's Tablets and nothing else. I must say that 20 years is a long time to have that awful rheumatic pain about one.—W. V. I."

Your rheumatism is just like him and everyone else's. It is caused by sharp-edged uric acid crystals getting into your joints. Myron's Tablets dissolve these crystals away. Furthermore—if you keep up the "little daily dose" ever afterwards, it will never be possible for them to form again. Rheumatism will be gone for good.

Joy-Riding By Air

New York People Have Money For Extravagant Notions

Last night the lights of St. Hubert Airport, near Montreal, had word that an airplane was coming in, and they turned on the beacons and lighted the runway.

At 12:30 midnight the 'plane arrived from Roosevelt Field, New York. There alighted two men and a dog. The dog was a small terrier, cab was in waiting, and it hurried them away to Montreal.

Just before four o'clock the party returned, boarded the plane, and were back in New York on an early breakfast.

Thus between sunset and morning these people travelled to Montreal, had three hours in that city, flew home in time for work. The cost of the outing was about \$50. If the incident has a moral perhaps it is that New York still has money for extravagant notions—and that the new beer has not destroyed the strong attraction of Montreal for its wealthy neighbors.—Ottawa Journal.

Use Of Anti-Toxin

New Treatment Of Diseases Of Children Is Reported

New developments in treatment of two diseases of children, scarlet fever and whooping cough, were reported to the American Medical Association.

There is hope that it will be possible to immunize infants against whooping cough, just as they are protected from diphtheria, by treating them with a vaccine, said Dr. Louis W. Sauer, of Evanston, Ill.

Tests showed, he said, that not one of the children he vaccinated contracted the disease.

Use of anti-toxin in cases of scarlet fever has been described as a method to reduce severity of the disease and its dreaded complications. Dr. Luke W. Hunt, of McCormick Institute for infectious diseases, Chicago, reported, summarizing study of more than 2,000 cases.

The anti-toxin should be given within the first day or two after the patient becomes ill with scarlet fever, he said.

Smashing the Atom

Powerful Hammer Devised By Scientists Accomplishes Feat

The most powerful hammer yet devised for smashing the centres, or cores, of atoms, which are believed to hold the secret of how matter is built, was described before the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

This atom-smashing hammer is the deutron, the infinitely small but enormously powerful core of the heavier of the two atoms of hydrogen which is fired like a bullet into the core of atoms that are to be smashed. Latest results of its use were reported by Drs. Gilbert N. Lewis, M. Stanley Livingston and Ernest R. Lawrence of the University of California.

Removed Half Of Brain

Removal of almost all of the right half of a woman's brain with no noticeable effect on her mentality and only partial paralysis in the left side was reported to the American Medical Association. Twenty months after the operation, Dr. Gardner said, "improvement disclosed no change in intellect."

The Irish Free State expects many visitors from America this summer.

DON'T SUFFER FROM PILES

Dr. J. C. Carter has a number of testimonials from men and women who have been cured of their piles by using his **CCA PILE REMEDIES**.

Write for Free Literature to Dr. J. C. Carter, 1111 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Permanent Exhibition

Planned For London

Alexandra Palace May Be Turned Into Amusement Place

There is a prospect of London being endowed with a permanent "Wintery Exhibition." The Alexandra Palace, on the northern heights of London, Eng., which has long been the despair of all concerned with it, has been taken in hand by no fewer than 18 local authorities, who have recommended grants for its modernization which will amount to \$1,000,000. It is proposed the Palace shall be so renovated as to convert it into a first-rate place of exhibition and general amusement.

The history of the Alexandra Palace is a dreary one. It was opened exactly 60 years ago as a northern rival of the Crystal Palace, which stands on the southern hills bordering London. A fortnight after its opening it was burned out. Shortly after it had been rebuilt it was compelled to close owing to lack of funds, and remained closed for nine years.

For 20 years following, it had floundered in the mire of enterprise. At length money was subscribed to save the park from falling to the speculative house builder. The park, which extends to almost 200 acres, was a valuable acquisition, but nobody ever has been able to do anything effective with the great sprawling palace itself. During the war it made itself useful, first as a harbourage for Belgian refugees, and later for German prisoners.

The only good thing in the Palace is the great organ. This was the masterpiece of "Father" Henry Willis. Music-lovers of North London a few years back contrived to find the money to make the organ as good as new, and the great work of the palace has been popular.

Social Progress

Must Keep Pace With Scientific Advance, Says Hon. R. J. Manion

Social progress must keep pace with scientific advance in order to bring about an equitable distribution of the world's products, Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, told the Canadian Electrical Association at their annual banquet at Lucerne-in-Quebec.

Dr. Manion urged that not only public men but business men and scientists feel serious thought to bring about social reforms that would enable a greater number of the people to share the benefits of what they produce.

The minister made electrical development the theme of his address but touched on the problems of the day and the world economic conference. It was inconceivable, he said, that the conference would fail to take place. If there should be difficulties between the European nations and United States, Canada would be in an excellent position to share in the extraordinary. Dr. Manion said, but he did not anticipate any such difficulties would arise.

He expressed the belief that the vast majority of people in Canada were opposed to the export of electrical power, not only because it was hard to export to industrial positions in the Dominion, but because of the great difficulty in shutting off power from a friendly country once communities had been built up in the power exporting area.

Cypress Hills Park

Highest Elevation Of Part Of Saskatchewan

Cypress Hills Park, known as the Highlands of Saskatchewan, will be officially opened this year. This park is 20 miles south of Maple Creek and has the highest elevation of any part of the Province of Saskatchewan. Some of the streams in the park flow south to find the Missouri River and some flow north to the Hudson Bay. The park is then on to Hudson Bay. The main park is 4,500 feet above sea level and part of it is even higher than Banff, the famous mountain resort in Alberta. New buildings in the park include one and a half with 18 large rooms and a number of log cabins.

French Radio Licensed

Under the new Finance Law radio owners in France must have a license. Owners of crystal sets are compelled to pay \$1 a year, and owners of valve sets \$3. Sets installed in places where the public may listen are licensed for \$6.25 or \$12.50 if the public pays an admission fee.

Flax was grown on 24,000 acres in England in 1930; nowadays practically the only flax produced is on the King's Sardinian estate.

England's Russian population now totals 67,025.



Fragrantly Yours

Ogden's Fine Cut is the signature of true "roll-your-own" satisfaction ... of easier rolling and smoother smoking.

Ogden's Fine Cut and "Chanticle" papers... that's a combination worth trying to All men who's tried it will tell you it's a guarantee of really better and more satisfying cigarettes.

OGDEN'S FINE CUT

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Flg

Ingenuous Excuse For Speeding

Thought Fire Engine Was Coming

Said San Francisco Girl

The excuses proffered by our young women motorists when caught speeding are curiously lame and hackneyed. One of the most common is the claim that the driver mistook a fire engine for a police car.

Why not emulate a girl friend over in San Francisco, who declared, truthfully radiating from her big blue eyes, that she thought a fire engine was behind her, and that it was up to her to hurry to get out of the way. She was chased by motorcycle policemen, and did not stop until two cars had been fired by them. Why are not our own traffic police encouraged by "Facts" to tackle their in the modern and virtue way? At least a machine-gun might be stationed at busy spots along bypass roads during summer weekends to increase respect for the law, even if it were to fire only blank.

Tax-Free Bond Ruling

Tax-free Victory bonds forfeit that exemption when they are paid out by a company to its shareholders in the form of dividends. This was the judgment of the supreme court of Canada, Mr. Justice Lamont dissenting, on an appeal taken before it by D. J. Watrous of Brantford. The judgment dismissed the appeal with costs.

An ingenious announces that women use cosmetics in the Middle Ages. Women still use cosmetics in the middle ages.

More than 10,000 Alberta silver fox furs were placed on sale at the first annual sale of pelts in London this year.

In the Tancous Green Box

HEAVY WAXED PAPER Has a hundred uses. Always have a box in the kitchen.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS MARKHAM, ONTARIO

W. N. U. 2000

FRANCO-U. S. TROUBLE WAS SOON ADJUSTED

London, Eng.—The secret meeting at which Franco-American differences were adjusted provided the most dramatic incident since the inception of the world economic conference. The meeting was held in a private room in a secluded part of conference headquarters.

Prime Minister Ramsey MacDonald, president of the conference, knew the full import of the meeting. Veteran of innumerable international conferences, he remained alone in an adjoining room, pacing the floor, his hands clenched. Back and forth, back and forth, he walked, his staved head bent toward the door, listening for the knock which would mean that the conference was saved or that it had collapsed.

When Mr. MacDonald was informed his face lit up with joy.

At a press interview Cordell Hull, the United States delegation leader, declared that undue emphasis had been placed on temporary currency stabilization and that the United States deems such action now "untimely."

Snow Slide Victim

Find Bodies Of Two Men Lost Since Last February

Field, B.C.—One hand jutting above rock and melting snow had led to discovery of Chris. Dean, 26, and his brother, Joe, 23, last in Duchesney Pass since last February.

The young men, both residents of Banff, Alberta, were trapped in snowslides in the pass as they attempted a ski journey from Camp Hector to Field, 30 miles through winding passes. Work parties will leave here to dig the bodies out of the debris.

Discovery of the bodies was made by two Swiss guides, Rudolph Amer and C. Haesler, who were conducting a search of the pass. Searches have been made since last February since the young men disappeared, a brother Frank, 20, making trips through the area at every opportunity.

Parents of the young men reside at Banff.

Famous Racing Motorist Dead

Sir Henry Birkin Was Victim Of Blood Poisoning

London, Eng.—Despite a desperate battle by doctors, Capt. Sir Henry Birkin, 36, a famous racing motorist, died in a London nursing home from the effects of blood poisoning resulting from burns received in the Tripoli Grand Prix in May.

Sir Henry had been critically ill for three weeks, and three blood transfusions were tried.

He had been one of Great Britain's leading drivers since 1927.

Sir Henry Birkin was born July 26, 1896. He succeeded his father to the baronetcy in 1931. It was created in 1906. He served in the war from 1914 to 1918.

Trouble Over Taxes

Ten People Reported Killed In Riots In Poland

Warsaw, Poland—Nine persons and one policeman were officially reported killed when police forced peasants to cease beating tax collectors in the Galician districts of Ropczyce, Rzeszow and Lancut. Sixteen persons were seriously wounded. Many arrests were made and numerous peasants ejected from the forests.

Grasshopper Invasion

Winnipeg, Man.—Thirty thousand acres of green crops in Winchester municipality, northwest Manitoba, were threatened with destruction by an invading horde of grasshoppers as western Canada's wheat lands, baked by a scorching sun during last week's heat wave, failed to receive the much-needed moisture promised.

Theft From Mint

Ottawa, Ont.—John R. Wallace, a member of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, pleaded guilty in police court here to stealing \$465 in gold coins from the Canadian mint. He was remanded for sentence.

Honors For Einstein

Brussels, Belgium.—The University of Brussels recently conferred upon Prof. Albert Einstein the title Doctor Honoris Causa of the faculty of sciences.

W. N. U. 2000

Aids To Navigation

To Install Direction Finding Stations In Hudson Bay Area

Ottawa, Ont.—Having the way for renewed efforts to reduce insurance rates on the Hudson Bay route, the federal marine department will shortly commence construction of a short wave direction finding station at Chesterfield, on the east shore of the bay, a considerable distance north of Churchill.

Installation of additional navigation lights in the strait will not be undertaken this year. The department has no funds for this purpose and, in addition, further survey work is necessary to determine the precise location of the points at which lights would be erected.

It is necessary to be able to mark all lights on navigation charts with absolute accuracy so that navigators when they see a light may fix their position. Hitherto a detailed hydrographic survey of the north shore of the strait has not been carried out and if lights were built this year only approximate position could be given.

The direction finding station at Chesterfield is deemed the most important contribution to the Bay route that may be made at this time. This station will give bearings on the line from Nottingham Island to Churchill, the present time there are stations at Nottingham and Churchill but bearings are difficult to obtain.

This is the official reason of the marine department to the annual report of the Imperial Shipping Committee on the Hudson Bay route.

Aeroplane Tragedy

Capt. Broach and Two Mechanics Lose Lives In Air Crash

Prince Albert, Sask.—The first aeroplane tragedy of the year in northern Saskatchewan claimed the lives of three men near the Brooks air base at Emma Lake, 30 miles north of here.

The dead are: Capt. B. W. "Bill" Broach, pilot, 42. Hiram C. Brooks, broach-mechanic, 24. T. D. Forsyth, mechanic, 28.

Broach, well known western commercial flyer, who served with the Royal Navy Air service in France and later with the famous Dover patrol, was testing a reconditioned "Biplane" at an altitude of 2,000 feet. With him were Brooks and Forsyth, mechanics of the Brooks Airways, Prince Albert.

In the middle of the tests the plane dropped in a spin for some unknown reason and plunged into the lake just north of the air base. A collision in the afternoon, after the machine had been sent into several spins and loops by the pilot. The "plane" falling from 2,000 feet of water, was smashed to pieces and the engine buried in the bottom of the lake.

The bodies of Brooks and Forsyth were recovered shortly after the crash, while Brooks' body had not been recovered. The lake bottom was about 40 feet deep. Forsyth, mechanic, was scarcely recognizable, while Brooks' head was badly smashed. Brooks was the son of R. D. Brooks, of Prince Albert, president of Brooks Airways.

Lord Montagu Is Fined

Found Guilty Of Common Assault On John Forbes

Victoria, B.C.—Lord Edward Montagu, the second son of the Duke of Manchester, was found guilty of common assault on the person of John Forbes on June 15 and was fined \$20 and \$7 costs, or, in default, ten days in jail, by Magistrate J. H. Brookes, co-defendant, was found guilty of assault causing grievous bodily harm, and was fined \$50 and \$7 costs, or, in default, one month in jail. Montagu's fine was paid and he was freed.

Organization Dissolved

Berlin, Germany.—The Steel Helmet Veterans' organization throughout the Reich has been dissolved, its offices and homes closed, and other property temporarily seized. The dissolution was said to have become imperative in order to "clear" the organization of Marxist and Communist elements, as well as bad political leaders, and preserve it as a non-political "organization."

Gulls Save Crops

Wolfeville, N.S.—Farmers who till the soil of the Grand Pre Meadows turned thankful eyes to fields white with the gulls of Fundy—gulls fattening on millions of grasshoppers—which had threatened to ruin the crops.

Review Tariff

Britain Asks Canada To Discuss Duties On Long List Of Articles

London, Eng.—Taking further advantage of the terms of the Canada-United Kingdom trade agreement, signed at Ottawa, the United Kingdom asked Canada to review the Canadian duties on a long list of articles, with a view to revising the Canadian tariff board is already preparing to review the duties on cotton and textile goods imported from Britain.

The trade pact signed at the Imperial conference gives each country the right to seek revision in the scale of duties levied by the other on its goods.

Taking Part In Gold Rush

Many Indians Using Sailing Canoes To Reach North

The Pas, Man.—Fleets of sailing canoes, loaded to the gunwales with freight, and manned by Crees, are now drifting about the shores of the northern lakes, heralding the new summer's gold rush in God's lake.

The part of the outboard motor is heard right across the hinterland. Even Indians, without the cash to secure outboards, have jumped into the "rush" with canoes, and are swinging paddles, oars and sweeps, as they freight their way into the mineralized zone.

PROPOSAL IS MADE TO REDUCE WHEAT ACREAGE

London, Eng.—The four-power wheat conference adjourned today to await statistical information on production from Australia, Argentina, and Soviet Russia after formulating a tentative plan calling for reduced acreage and export quotas.

News of extensive crop damage in Canada and a short crop in the United States caused delegates to believe the final position may be changed materially.

Stanley Bruce, Australian minister to the United Kingdom, asked that the conference produce some concrete proposal which he might transmit to Canberra for consideration of his government.

It was learned the limitation proposal as now constituted, contemplates reduction of acreage by 15 per cent. for one year only and that the program for the second year would be decided after the effects of the one-year reduction are seen.

Canada, the United States and Argentina were reported agreed with the Polish stand that small producers must be brought into any scheme if disaster is to be avoided.

The Soviet, has not been brought into debate yet but some reports were inclined to the view no enduring solution of the wheat problem would be possible without participation of Russia despite that country's short crop this season.

Limitation of production by way of reduced acreage and the curtailment of exports by a quota system among the nations are the main lines on which the conference is working, while at the same time urgently pleading for some agreement by importing nations on methods whereby they might reduce consumption.

The Daily Telegraph said it was informed the world economic conference of a plan for reducing the world's wheat output by 15 per cent. and absorbing the total carry-over in two years.

DISTINGUISHED FIGURES IN WORLD CONFERENCE



Canadian occupy a prominent place in the World Federation of Education Associations which is to hold its 15th Biennial conference in Dublin, Ireland, this month. It will bring together outstanding educational leaders from forty or more countries with the object of cultivating and developing international good will and exchanging views on educational matters. The Dominion is represented by Harry Charlesworth, president of the organization; Dr. E. H. Hardy (right), Toronto, as Treasurer, and Dr. D. D. MacDonald (left), Toronto, a member of the board of directors.

REPRESENTS CANADA



Dr. Frank D. Adams, Emeritus Vice-Principal of the Faculty of Applied Science and Logan Professor of Geology and Paleontology at McGill University, who has been appointed to represent the National Research Council at the International Geological Congress which is to meet in Washington from July 22 to 28.

Default On Payments Bars New Borrowing

New Ruling In United States To Foreign Governments

Washington, D.C.—Foreign borrowers, including governments, who default on their obligations to the United States, can no longer borrow money within this country by bond issues or other securities, according to the specific terms of the new Federal Securities Act, known as the "blue sky" law.

A clause in the new act, passed by congress, stipulates that if securities offered in the United States "in order to make a public offering" must have "continued the full service of its obligations in the United States" in order to make a public offering of its securities within the republic.

Some other facts interesting to foreign governments or corporations desiring to purchase securities in the United States as set forth in the new law follow:

Truthfulness and adequacy of the information furnished to purchasers of foreign securities under the act are made the direct responsibility of U.S. investment houses floating them.

All data relative to the financial status of the government or foreign corporation for which funds are intended to be raised must be furnished by the agents in the United States to the federal trade commission.

Just as domestic securities, foreign securities must be registered with the federal trade commission.

German Jews Need Help

Opinion Of Man Who Investigated Conditions Created By Nazis

New York.—Michael Williams, who investigated conditions in Germany for the American committee of the rights of religious minorities, said in an address that Nazi opposition to Jews "far exceeds any other persecution known in modern times."

"If the Jews are to be rescued, their position is to be ameliorated in any important degree, it is vital that an international body be set up, qualified to speak and act for the Jews of the world."

Has Increased Staff

Wellesford, Ont.—With prospects of a bumper wheat crop in western Canada which would necessitate an increased demand for labor (twice) the Plymouth Cordage Company's plant here has taken on an additional 150 men.

Cannot Help Manitoba

Federal Minister Of Trade and Commerce Says There Is No Co-Operation

Winnipeg, Man.—"The Dominion Government cannot help Premier Bracken to finance provincial unemployment and other money issues because he will not play the game with us," Hon. H. H. Stevens, Federal Minister of Trade and Commerce, said in an interview here.

"During the past three years," he continued, "the Dominion Government has earnestly tried to co-operate with the province, but it has been unsuccessful. In three provinces they have been successful, but in Manitoba no reciprocal co-operation was forthcoming."

"Not once but repeatedly Mr. Bracken has used the unemployment financing issue for political purposes, which makes it difficult for the Dominion Government to assist the province. I do not think Mr. Bracken has made the efforts which he could have made to handle the relief question."

Predicts Stratosphere Flights

New Type Airplanes Will Make This Possible Says Piccard

New York.—Professor Auguste Piccard, arriving from Europe, said that his 10-months balloon ascension, aeroplanes are being built with air-tight steel cabins to make possible flights in the stratosphere.

"These planes should go between 450 and 500 miles an hour," he said. "They will have little resistance because the air at that altitude is so light."

"Once the plane reaches such an altitude the pilot can set the course and cross from America to any point in Europe in a few hours."

Piccard will go to Chicago, where he will advise preparations for the stratospheric balloon flight of his twin brother, Jean Piccard, and Commander Settle of the United States Navy.

STABILIZATION OF CURRENCY BONE OF CONTENTION

London, Eng.—Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald, chairman of the World Economic Conference, was said to be seeking elimination of the monetary stabilization question which constitutes the bone of bitter contention at the party.

The French delegation failed to carry off threats of demanding adjournment of the conference until the United States dollar should be stabilized, but the feeling of anxiety over the problem continued intense in conference quarters.

Quarters were clearly disturbed by the solid lining up of many nations opposed to dollar instability and it was unofficially pointed out in comment that one of the chief points in the Washington program was stabilization as such as practicable along the lines laid down in the resolution submitted by Senator Hiram Pittman.

A succession of speakers pleaded for monetary stabilization as essential to restoration of confidence, including representatives of Italy, Switzerland, Poland, Norway, Germany, Rumania and Yugoslavia.

The discussion arose during consideration of a British resolution calling for easy money and cheap credit policies.

The conservative gold standard countries doubted the feasibility of the program and warned of its possible dangers.

RESENTS TARIFF BRITAIN IMPOSES ON FREE STATE

London, Eng.—The Irish Free State quarrel with the United Kingdom arising from the nonpayment of the land annuities was brought before the world economic conference in an attack on the practice of imposing punitive tariffs.

The United Kingdom-Irish Free State tariff war was brought to the notice of the conference by Senator Joseph Connolly, Free State Minister of Lands and Forests, in a blunt speech before the private meeting of the sub-committee on commercial policy.

After dealing with the causes of the quarrel as the Irish Free State saw them, Senator Connolly turned to the "punitive tariff" which Great Britain was imposing against Free State goods.

"You will appreciate," Senator Connolly told the sub-committee, "how foolish it would be for our delegation to go on laboring over a solution of tariff problems and restoration to 'normal conditions' in the industrial and economic peace without having the unique special punitive tariff policy, which is being applied to one of the weaker countries by one of the great world powers, brought to your notice."

Marine Insurance Rates

Expect Lower Rates May Be Obtained For Bay Route

Ottawa, Ont.—The report of the imperial shipping committee in which it found that the insurance rates on hulls and machinery on ships trading into Churchill could not be reduced this year, but the minimum rate was expected to apply to ships leaving Churchill as on Oct. 7, indicated of the previous limit of Sept. 20, was made public today by the department.

The report appeared to be optimistic that lower rates might prevail in subsequent years if safety of the Hudson Bay route were demonstrated.

The report considered at length the conditions into Churchill during the 1932 season when 19 cargo vessels made the passage through Hudson Straits and into Churchill.

Nine sailing vessels, and one, the "Bright Fan," was a total loss after striking an iceberg.

The conference also considered a report in which the committee explained that "as long as there are only a few voyages in the season, a single casualty may quite likely absorb the whole or more than the whole of the money received by way of premium."

Forest Fires In Ontario

Swept Over Fifteen Mile Stretch Near Port William

Port William, Ont.—Only partially checked by a sudden shift in the wind, a raging forest fire was defying efforts of 200 rangers and fire-fighters to quench it. It swept over a 15-mile stretch of cut-over timberlands, near Port William, 85 miles west of here.

Lesser fires are burning at several places in the eastern section of the Thunder Bay district, causing considerable damage, and all available men in the area were drafted to fight them.

A Canadian National Railway bridge was destroyed near Hornepoint, temporarily cutting off communication between Long Lake and Port Arthur.

Brighter Outlook

Twenty Thousand Men Added To Industries In The East

Winnipeg, Man.—Saying that in May alone 20,000 men had been added to big industries in the east and that in his trip through the west he had found hundreds of new men employed in mining, lumbering and manufacturing, Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, said trade and commerce in the Dominion was encouraging. "Transportation is decidedly brighter," he said, "loading and passenger transportation, both show marked improvement. Callous mining and steel and iron head will be shipped to Britain this season."

Was Friend To Animals

New York.—The animals would be said if they could understand Harry Daniel Moran, head of the Humane Society of New York, who spent 16 years helping suffering beasts, a dead.

Twenty-two boys have registered for Camp, July 3-8, to be held at Willow Creek. All boys are asked to be at the church not later than one o'clock Monday, with their bag and baggage. Wednesday, July 5th will be visitors day. To make this camp holiday a success, all boys must come prepared to observe all camp regulations, and a good time will be assured.